

60% , $(x-20)$, 20 -

()	()	()	
2500	$\frac{2500}{x}$	x	
-	-	20	
$\frac{4000(x-20)}{x}$	$(\frac{100+60}{100}) \cdot \frac{2500}{x} = 1.6 \cdot \frac{2500}{x} = \frac{4000}{x}$	$x-20$	60%

$$- 860 , 2500$$

$$\cdot 2500 + 860 = 3360 -$$

$$\cdot \frac{4000(x-20)}{x} = 3360 :$$

$$4000(x-20) = 3360x$$

$$4000x - 80000 = 3360x$$

$$640x = 80000 \quad / : 640$$

$$\boxed{x = 125}$$

$$\cdot 125 :$$

$$\cdot \frac{2500}{125} = 20 \cdot$$

$$\cdot 20 :$$

$$\cdot \frac{4000}{125} = 32 \cdot$$

$$20 \cdot 1.6 = 32 , ,$$

$$\cdot 32 :$$

• $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$ AD (1)

$0 = \frac{1}{2}x - 3 \quad / \cdot 2 \rightarrow 0 = x - 6 \rightarrow x = 6 \rightarrow \boxed{A(6, 0)}$: $y = 0$, x -

• A(6, 0) :

$m_{AB} \cdot \frac{1}{2} = -1 \rightarrow m_{AB} = -2$ • AD , $m_{AD} = \frac{1}{2}$ (2)

• $m_{AB} = -2$:

• $y - 0 = -2(x - 6) \rightarrow y = -2x + 12$ • $m_{AB} = -2$, A(6, 0) , AB (3)

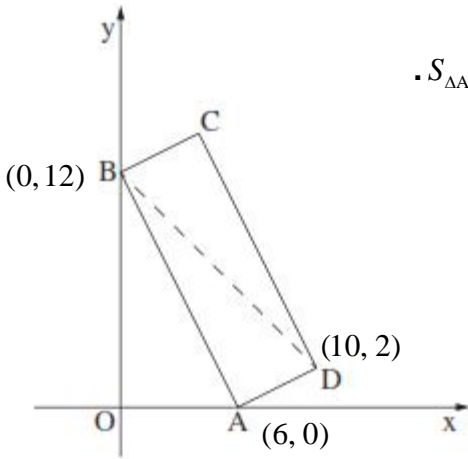
$y = -2 \cdot 0 + 12 \rightarrow y = 12 \rightarrow \boxed{B(0, 12)}$: $x = 0$, y -

• B(0, 12) :

• $y = \frac{1}{2}x - 3$ AD , $x_D = 10$.

$y = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 10 - 3 \rightarrow y = 2 \rightarrow \boxed{D(10, 2)}$

• $y_D = 2$:



• $S_{\triangle AOB} + S_{\triangle ABD}$:

OBDA

• $S_{\triangle AOB} = \frac{AO \cdot BO}{2}$,

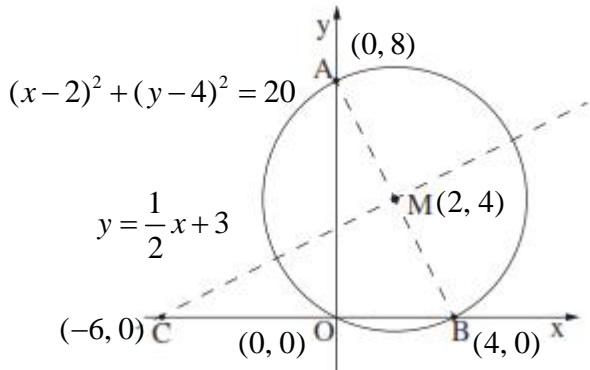
$d_{AO} = x_A - x_O = 6 - 0 = 6$
 $d_{BO} = y_B - y_O = 12 - 0 = 12$ } $S_{\triangle AOB} = \frac{6 \cdot 12}{2} = 36$

• $S_{\triangle ABD} = \frac{AB \cdot AD}{2}$,

$d_{AB} = \sqrt{(0-6)^2 + (12-0)^2} = \sqrt{180}$
 $d_{AD} = \sqrt{(6-10)^2 + (0-2)^2} = \sqrt{20}$ } $S_{\triangle ABD} = \frac{\sqrt{180} \cdot \sqrt{20}}{2} = 30$

• $36 + 30 = 66$ OBDA

• 66 OBDA :



• $O(0, 0)$

$M(2, 4)$

$$R = \sqrt{(2-0)^2 + (4-0)^2} = \sqrt{20} :$$

$$\cdot (x-2)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 20$$

$$\cdot x = 0$$

$y -$

A .

$$(0-2)^2 + (y-4)^2 = 20$$

$$4 + (y-4)(y-4) = 20$$

$$4 + y^2 - 4y - 4y + 16 = 20$$

$$y^2 - 8y = 0$$

$$y(y-8) = 0 \rightarrow y_0 = 0, y_A = 8 \rightarrow \boxed{A(0, 8)}$$

$$\cdot y = 0$$

$x -$

B

$$(x-2)^2 + (0-4)^2 = 20$$

$$(x-2)(x-2) + 16 = 20$$

$$x^2 - 2x - 2x + 4 + 16 = 20$$

$$x^2 - 4x = 0$$

$$x(x-4) = 0 \rightarrow x_0 = 0, x_B = 4 \rightarrow \boxed{B(4, 0)}$$

• $B(4, 0), A(0, 8) :$

• AB

$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= \frac{0+4}{2} = 2 \\ y &= \frac{8+0}{2} = 4 \end{aligned} \right\} \boxed{(2, 4)}$$

AB

$(2, 4)$

AB

:

$$\cdot m_{AB} = \frac{8-0}{0-4} = \frac{8}{-4} = -2 : B(4, 0) - A(0, 8)$$

AB ,

$$\cdot -2 \cdot m_{MC} = -1 \rightarrow m_{MC} = \frac{-1}{-2} \rightarrow m_{MC} = \frac{1}{2}$$

AB -

MC

$$\cdot y - 4 = \frac{1}{2}(x - 2) \rightarrow y - 4 = \frac{1}{2}x - 1 \rightarrow \boxed{y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3} : m_{MC} = \frac{1}{2}, M(2, 4), MC$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{2}x + 3 \quad / \cdot 2 \rightarrow 0 = x + 6 \rightarrow x = -6 \rightarrow \boxed{C(-6, 0)} : y = 0, x -$$

• $C(-6, 0) :$

$$f(x) = 4\sqrt{x} - 2x$$

(-) $x \geq 0$:

$x \geq 0$:

(0,0) $f(0) = 4\sqrt{0} - 2 \cdot 0 = 0$ - $x = 0$, y .
 - $y = 0$, x

$$0 = 4\sqrt{x} - 2x$$

$$2x = 4\sqrt{x} \quad / : 2$$

$$x = 2\sqrt{x} \quad / ()^2$$

$$x^2 = 4x$$

$$x^2 - 4x = 0$$

$$x(x - 4) = 0$$

$$x_1 = 0 \rightarrow (0,0)$$

$$x_2 = 4 \rightarrow (4,0)$$

(4,0) , (0,0) :

$$f'(x) = 0 \quad x$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4}{2\sqrt{x}} - 2$$

$$0 = \frac{2}{\sqrt{x}} - 1 \quad / \cdot 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$0 = 2 - 2\sqrt{x}$$

$$2\sqrt{x} = 2 \quad / : 2$$

$$\sqrt{x} = 1$$

$$\boxed{x=1} \rightarrow f(1) = 4\sqrt{1} - 2 \rightarrow (1, 2)$$

$x = 1$:

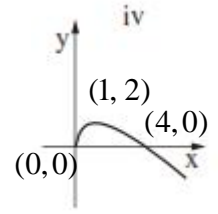
$$f'(0.5) = \frac{4}{2\sqrt{0.5}} - 2 > 0, \quad f'(2) = \frac{4}{2\sqrt{2}} - 2 < 0$$

0	0.5	1	2	x
	+	0	-	y'
	↖	Max	↘	

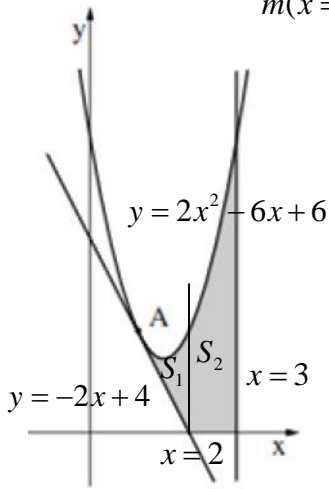
$x > 1$, $0 < x < 1$:

..

.() (0,0) $x \geq 0$, (1,2) ,IV .



.IV :



$$m(x=1) = 4 \cdot 1 - 6 = -2 : \quad y' = 4x - 6$$

$$-2$$

$$y = 2x^2 - 6x + 6$$

$$y = 2 \cdot 1^2 - 6 \cdot 1 + 6 = 2 \quad x = 1$$

$$(1, 2)$$

$$y - 2 = -2(x - 1) \rightarrow y - 2 = -2x + 2$$

$$\boxed{y = -2x + 4}$$

$$y = -2x + 4$$

$$y = 0 \quad x = \quad (1)$$

$$0 = -2x + 4 \rightarrow 2x = 4 \quad / : 2$$

$$x = 2 \rightarrow \boxed{(2, 0)}$$

$$(2, 0) :$$

$$x = 2 \quad (2, 0)$$

S_1	S_2	
$y = 2x^2 - 6x + 6$	$y = -2x^2 - 6x + 6$	
$y = -2x + 4$	$y = 0$	
$x = 2$	$x = 3$	x
$x = 1$	$x = 2$	x

$$S_1 = \int_1^2 (2x^2 - 6x + 6 - (-2x + 4)) dx$$

$$S_1 = \int_1^2 (2x^2 - 6x + 6 + 2x - 4) dx$$

$$S_1 = \int_1^2 (2x^2 - 4x + 2) dx$$

$$S_1 = \left[\frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{4x^2}{2} + 2x \right]_1^2$$

$$S_1 = \left(\frac{2 \cdot 2^3}{3} - \frac{4 \cdot 2^2}{2} + 2 \cdot 2 \right) - \left(\frac{2 \cdot 1^3}{3} - \frac{4 \cdot 1^2}{2} + 2 \cdot 1 \right)$$

$$S_1 = 1 \frac{1}{3} - \frac{2}{3} \rightarrow \boxed{S_1 = \frac{2}{3}}$$

$$S_2 = \int_2^3 (2x^2 - 6x + 6 - 0) dx = \left[\frac{2x^3}{3} - \frac{6x^2}{2} + 6x \right]_2^3$$

$$S_2 = \left(\frac{2 \cdot 3^3}{3} - \frac{6 \cdot 3^2}{2} + 6 \cdot 3 \right) - \left(\frac{2 \cdot 2^3}{3} - \frac{6 \cdot 2^2}{2} + 6 \cdot 2 \right)$$

$$S_2 = 9 - 5 \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow \boxed{S_2 = 3 \frac{2}{3}}$$

$$S = S_1 + S_2 = \frac{2}{3} + 3 \frac{2}{3} = 4 \frac{1}{3} :$$

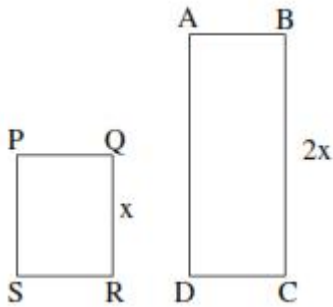
$$" \quad 4 \frac{1}{3} :$$

$$BC = 2x, \quad AB + BC = 30 \quad (1)$$

$$AB = 30 - 2x \quad :$$

$$AB = 30 - 2x \quad :$$

$$PQ = 30 - 2x, \quad AB = PQ = 30 \quad (2)$$



$$2x(30 - 2x) + x(30 - 2x)$$

$$= 60x - 4x^2 + 30x - 2x^2$$

$$\boxed{-6x^2 + 90x}$$

$$-6x^2 + 90x$$

מקסימום סכום שטחי שני המלבנים

$$\boxed{f(x) = -6x^2 + 90x}$$

$$\boxed{f'(x) = -12x + 90}$$

$$0 = -12x + 90$$

$$12x = 90 \quad /:12$$

$$\boxed{x = 7.5}$$

$$f'(7) = -12 \cdot 7 + 90 > 0, \quad f'(8) = -12 \cdot 8 + 90 < 0$$

0	7	7.5	8	x
	+	0	-	f'(x)
	↗	Max	↘	

$$x = 7.5$$

$$x = 7.5 \quad :$$