

14x - , 2x , ( " ) t - .  
 :  
 :

s - "	v - "	t -	
140x	14x	10	( )
2xt	2x	t	
x(t+10)	x	t+10	( )

$$2xt = 140x + x(t+10) \quad /: x > 0$$

$$2t = 140 + t + 10$$

$$t = 150$$

( ) 150 :

, 180 , 3 , , .

$$.180x + 2x \cdot 150 = 480x$$

$$, 2x , \frac{480x}{2x} = 240$$

.( ) 240 :

$$b_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2^n \cdot b_n}$$

( ) -

$$b_{n+1} = \frac{1}{2^n \cdot b_n}$$

$$b_{n+2} = \frac{1}{2^{n+1} \cdot b_{n+1}}$$

$$b_{n+2} = \frac{1}{2^{n+1}} \cdot \frac{2^n \cdot b_n}{1}$$

$$b_{n+2} = \frac{b_n}{2}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{b_{n+2}}{b_n} = \frac{1}{2}}$$

.n - , ( ) ,

$$q = 0.5$$

:

$$3 \frac{7}{16} = b_n$$

8

$$b_2 = \frac{1}{2^1 \cdot b_1} \rightarrow b_2 = \frac{1}{2b_1} :$$

$b_1$

$b_2$

$$3 \frac{7}{16} = \frac{b_1(0.5^4 - 1)}{0.5 - 1} + \frac{b_2(0.5^4 - 1)}{0.5 - 1}$$

$$3 \frac{7}{16} = \frac{(0.5^4 - 1)}{0.5 - 1} (b_1 + \frac{1}{2b_1})$$

$$\frac{11}{6} = b_1 + \frac{1}{2b_1}$$

$$6(b_1)^2 - 11b_1 + 3 = 0$$

$$\boxed{b_1 = 1.5} \quad \boxed{b_1 = \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$b_1 = \frac{1}{3} \quad b_1 = 1.5 :$$

$p -$  (1)

$k=1 \quad k=2, p=p, n=4$

$: p$

$$P_4(2) = 6 \cdot P_4(1)$$

$$\binom{4}{2} \cdot p^2 \cdot (1-p)^{4-2} = 6 \cdot \binom{4}{1} \cdot p^1 \cdot (1-p)^3$$

$$6p^2 \cdot (1-p)^2 = 6 \cdot 4 \cdot p \cdot (1-p)^3 \quad /: 6p(1-p)^2 > 0$$

$$p = 4(1-p)$$

$$\boxed{p = 0.8}$$

80% :

(2)

“ , , , ”  
 “ , (0.8<sup>8</sup>) , (0.2<sup>8</sup>) ”

$$P = 1 - 0.8^8 - 0.2^8$$

$$\boxed{P = 0.8322}$$

.0.8322 :

(1).

- $\bar{A}$  - A
- $\bar{B}$  - B

$P(A \cap B) = 0$  ,  
 $P(\bar{A}) = 0.2$        $P(A \cap \bar{B}) = 0.8$  -  $P(A) = 0.8$  :

$$P(\bar{B} / \bar{A}) = 0.6 \rightarrow P(B / \bar{A}) = 0.4 :$$

	- $\bar{A}$	- A	
0.08	0.08	0	- B
0.92	0.12	0.8	- $\bar{B}$
1	0.2	0.8	

$$P(\bar{B} / \bar{A}) = \frac{P(\bar{B} \cap \bar{A})}{P(\bar{A})}$$

$$0.6 = \frac{P(\bar{B} \cap \bar{A})}{0.2}$$

$$P(\bar{B} \cap \bar{A}) = 0.12$$

8% :

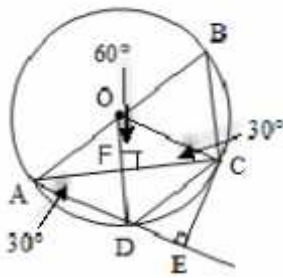
(2)

(8%)

(80%)

$$\frac{0.8}{0.8+0.08} = \frac{10}{11} ,$$

$$\frac{10}{11} :$$



. CE ⊥ AE .3 AB .2 ABCD .1

$$\frac{S_{\Delta CDE}}{S_{\Delta ABC}} = \frac{1}{4} .5 . OD \perp AC .4 :$$

CE . OC || AD . ΔCDE ~ ΔABC . : "

	ABCD	6	1
180°	∠B + ∠ADC = 180°	7	6
180°	∠CDE + ∠ADC = 180°	8	
	( ) ∠CDE = ∠B	9	8,7
	∠E = 90°	10	3
	AB	11	2
	∠BCA = 90°	12	11
	( ) ∠E = ∠BCA	13	12,10
	ΔCDE ~ ΔABC	14	13,9
. . .			
	$\frac{S_{\Delta CDE}}{S_{\Delta ABC}} = \frac{1}{4}$	15	5
	$\frac{CD}{AB} = \frac{CE}{AC} = \frac{DE}{BC} = \frac{1}{2}$	16	15,14
, ΔCAE 30° -	∠CAE = 30°	17	16,10
$\widehat{DC}$ ,	∠COD = 60°	18	17
	OD ⊥ AC	19	4
ΔCFO - 180°	∠OCA = 30°	20	19,18
	∠OCA = ∠CAE	21	20,17
	OC    AD	22	21
. . .			
	OC ⊥ CE	23	22,10
	CE	24	23
. . .			

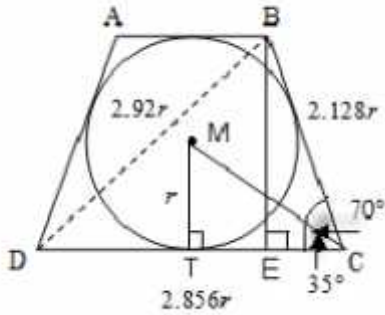
.r , ABCD (1) .

$$\angle MCT = \frac{70^\circ}{2} = 35^\circ ,$$

.  $\Delta MTC$  ,

$$\Delta DMC - \angle MDT = \frac{70^\circ}{2} = 35^\circ$$

$$. BC = 2TC - ,$$



$$\frac{\Delta MTC}{\tan 35^\circ} = \frac{MT}{TC}$$

$$TC = \frac{r}{\tan 35^\circ}$$

$$\boxed{TC = 1.428r}$$

$$\boxed{DC = 2.856r}$$

$$. 2.856r$$

:

.( ) 2r ,

BE (2)

$\Delta BEC$

$$\sin 70^\circ = \frac{BE}{BC}$$

$$BC = \frac{2r}{\sin 70^\circ}$$

$$\boxed{BC = 2.128r}$$

$$. 2.128r$$

:

$\Delta BCD$  (3)

$$(BD)^2 = (BC)^2 + (CD)^2 - 2BC \cdot CD \cdot \cos \angle C$$

$$(BD)^2 = (2.128r)^2 + (2.856r)^2 - 2 \cdot 2.128r \cdot 2.856r \cdot \cos 70^\circ$$

$$(BD)^2 = 4.528r^2 + 8.157r^2 - 4.157r^2$$

$$(BD)^2 = 8.528r^2$$

$$\boxed{BD = 2.92r} \leftarrow BD > 0$$

$$. 2.92r$$

:

.  $\Delta DBC$

ABCD

$\Delta DBC$

$$2R = \frac{BD}{\sin 70^\circ} \rightarrow R = \frac{2.92r}{2 \sin 70^\circ} \rightarrow \boxed{R = 1.554r}$$

$$. \frac{r}{R} = \frac{r}{1.554r} = 0.6435 :$$

$$. 0.6435$$

:

"

$$-\frac{f}{2} \leq x \leq \frac{f}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sin x \cos x} :$$

(1)

$$f(x) = \frac{2}{\sin 2x}$$

$$\sin 2x \neq 0$$

$$2x \neq f k$$

$$x \neq \frac{f}{2} k$$

$$-\frac{f}{2} < x < \frac{f}{2}, x \neq 0 :$$

$$(x = -\frac{f}{2}, x = 0, x = \frac{f}{2} :$$

$$f(-x) = \frac{2}{\sin 2(-x)} \quad (2)$$

$$f(-x) = \frac{2}{-\sin 2x}$$

$$f(-x) = -\frac{2}{\sin 2x}$$

$$\boxed{f(-x) = -f(x)}$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{-4 \cos 2x}{(\sin 2x)^2} \quad (3)$$

$$\cos 2x = 0$$

$$2x = \frac{f}{2} + f k$$

$$x = \frac{f}{4} + \frac{f}{2} k$$

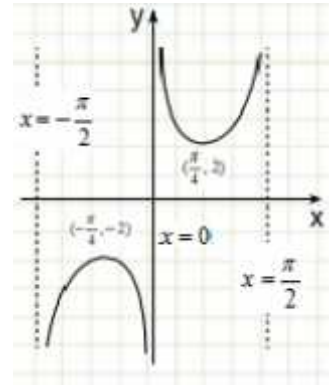
$$f\left(\frac{f}{4}\right) = \frac{2}{\sin\left(2 \cdot \frac{f}{4}\right)} = 2 \rightarrow \boxed{\left(\frac{f}{4}, 2\right)}$$

$$\left(-\frac{f}{4}, -2\right), \left(\frac{f}{4}, 2\right) :$$

$$\left(-\frac{f}{4}, -2\right), \left(\frac{f}{4}, 2\right) :$$

$$\left(-\frac{f}{4}, -2\right), \left(\frac{f}{4}, 2\right) :$$

$f(x)$  (4)



$g(x) = f(x) - a$  (1)

$a < 0$   
 $(g'(x) = f'(x)) f(x)$   
 $(\frac{f}{4}, 0)$   $x -$   
 $(-\frac{f}{4}, 0)$   $x -$   
 $a = -2, a = 2$

$f(x)$   $a > 0$   
 $|$

$g(x) = f(x) - 2$   $a = 2$

$g(x) = f(x) + 2$   $a = -2$

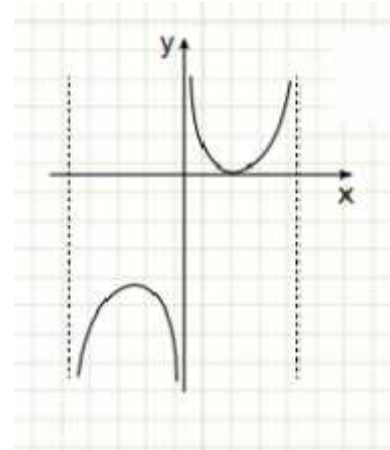
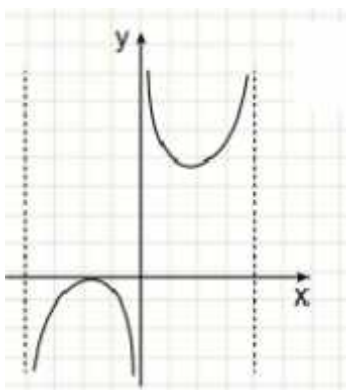
$f(x) - a = 0$  :

$g(x)$   $a = -2$

$(-\frac{f}{4}, 0), (\frac{f}{4}, 4)$

$g(x)$   $a = 2$  (2)

$(-\frac{f}{4}, -4), (\frac{f}{4}, 0)$





$$f'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 9}}$$

$f(0) = 3$  ,  $x = 0$

$$y = \frac{1}{3}x + 3$$

( )

,  $f(x)$  ,

$$f(x) = \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 9}} dx$$

$$f(x) = \int \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2\sqrt{x^2 + 9}} \cdot 2x dx$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2} \cdot 2\sqrt{x^2 + 9} + c$$

$$3 = \sqrt{0 + 9} + c \rightarrow c = 0$$

$$\boxed{f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 9}}$$

$f(x) = \sqrt{x^2 + 9}$  :

$x^2 + 9$  (1)

$x$   $f(x)$   $f'(x)$  :

(2)

$x < 0$  ,  $x > 0$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 9}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{|x| \sqrt{1 + \frac{9}{x^2}}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x}{|x|} = \pm 1$$

$y = 1$ ,  $y = -1$  :  $f'(x) - :$

(3)

(0,0) :

•  $f'(x)$  (4)

$$f'(x) = \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+9}}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{\sqrt{x^2+9} - \frac{2x^2}{2\sqrt{x^2+9}}}{x^2+9}$$

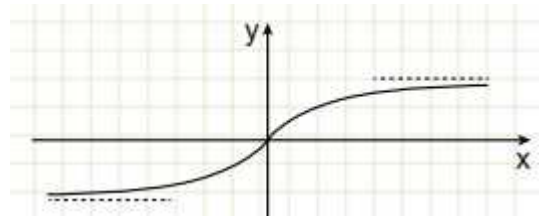
$$f''(x) = \frac{x^2+9-x^2}{(x^2+9)\sqrt{x^2+9}}$$

$$f''(x) = \frac{9}{(x^2+9)\sqrt{x^2+9}}$$

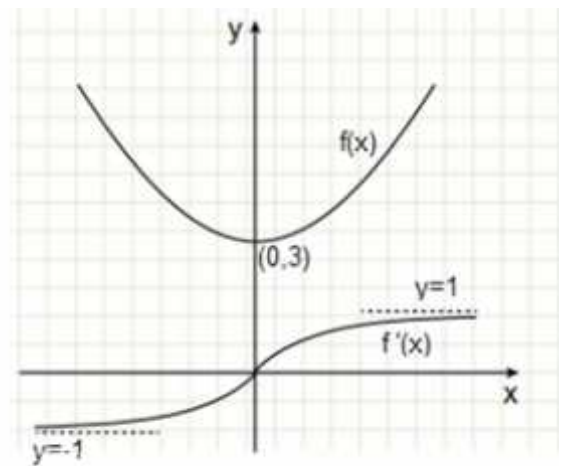
- ,  $x$  ,  $f'(x)$

•  $x$  ,  $x$  ,  $f'(x)$  :

•  $f'(x)$  (5)



•  $f(x)$  (6)



•  $f(x) = k$

II.  $\sqrt{x^2+9} = k$

•  $f'(x) = k$

I.  $\frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2+9}} = k$

, (6)

-  $k > 0$

•  $1 \leq k < 3$  ,

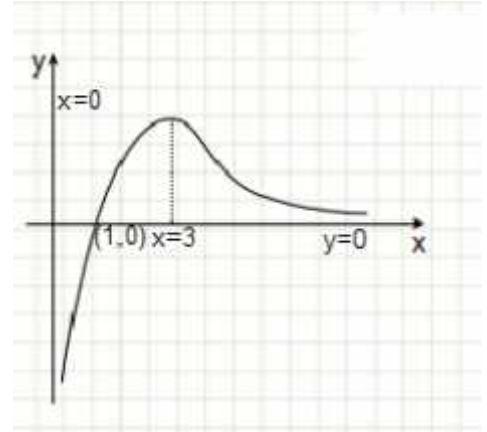
$y = k$

• II

I

$1 \leq k < 3$  :

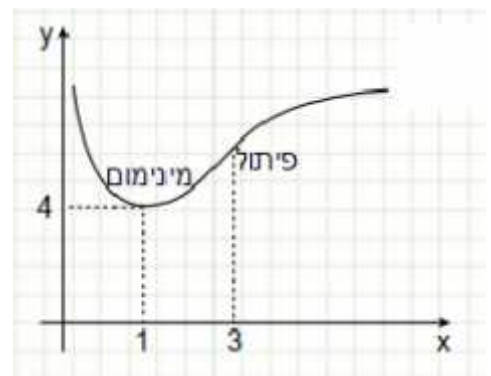
$(1,0)$   $x =$  ,  $x > 0$  ,  $f'(x)$  .  
 $x = 3$  ,  
 $x =$   $y =$  ,  $f'(x)$  -  
 $: f'(x)$  -



$0 < x < 1$   $x > 1$   $: f'(x)$  .  
 $0 < x < 1$   $x > 1$   $: f(x)$   
 $x = 1$  :

$x > 3$   $0 < x < 3$   $: f'(x)$  .  
 $: f(x)$   
 $x > 3$   $\cap$   $0 < x < 3$   $\cup$  :

$(1,4)$  ,  $x > 0$   $f(x) \geq 4$  .  
 $: f(x)$  -



$g(x) = -[f(x)]^3$  .  
 $g'(x) = -3[f(x)]^2 \cdot f'(x)$  :  
 $f(x)$   $g'(x)$  ,  $f(x) > 0$   $f(x)$   
 $0 < x < 1$   $x > 1$   $g(x)$  :  
 "